## 2. RESUME

The main topic of the publication was the presentation of the results of surveys conducted on the form with symbol KT-1 regarding collective tourist accommodation establishments as well as their occupation in 2006 in the Małopolskie voivodship. The basic information is presented alongside data for the whole country in time series. In principle comparisons concern the level of phenomenon in 2005. A description of some categories includes dynamics of the features level since the beginning of the voivodship's existence.

The Małopolskie voivodship is a territory which matters on the tourist map of Poland. It concentrated 12% of collective tourist accommodation establishments (15% of yearlong number of bed places in these facilities). The share of tourists accommodated and nights spent (overnight stays) in collective tourist accommodation establishments amounted to 15%.

There were 819 boarding facilities in the Małopolskie voivodship as of the end of July 2006 (62,7 thous. bed places), of which 259 hotel facilities (22,9 thous. bed places). 2633,8 thous. of persons used these boarding facilities in 2006 (5,6% more than in 2005). The number of nights spent (overnight stays) amounted to 7562,6 thous. (2,5% more). An average stay of a tourist in a facility has decreased and in 2006 equaled 2,9 days. The general occupancy rate of bed places amounted to 39,1%, of which in hotel facilities — 44,1%. Foreign tourists constituted a significant share in total tourists (35,5% of tourists accommodated and 28,0% of nights spent).

Kraków constituted the tourist centre of the voivodship (half of tourists accommodated in the voivodship), and then tatrzański, nowosądecki and nowotarski powiat.

Every year the passenger traffic increases on border check-points situated in the Małopolskie voivodship (in 2006 r. — 16,6 mln of persons). Particularly high dynamics of customs was recorded at the airport Kraków-Balice (increase by over 55% in comparison with 2005), and share in total voivodship border traffic grew to 12,9% in 2006.

Some other issues connected with tourism were presented in the elaboration in order to enrich its subject matter (for example: PTTK (the Polish Tourist Country-Lovers' Society), GOPR (the Volunteer Mountain Rescue Service), WOPR (the Volunteer Water Rescue Service), museums, rafting on the Dunajec and Poprad rivers, tourist trails, national parks). The criterion of choice of described topics was, for instance, the round anniversary of the national parks creation, the increasing popularity of skiing as the active form of recreation, etc.