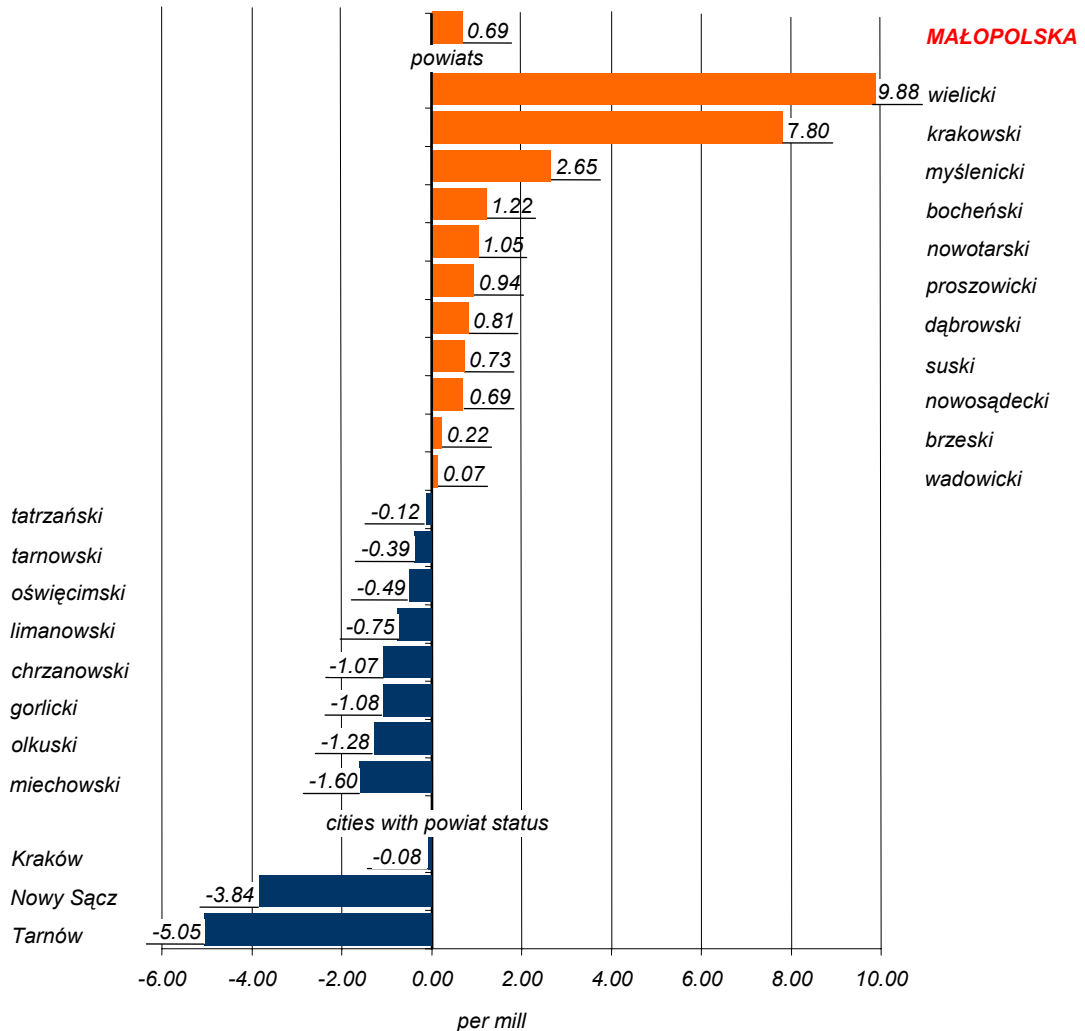


## MIGRATION OF POPULATION

Migration of population is a factor considerably influencing changes of the size of population. In 2008, after two years of explicit increase, the territorial mobility of population for permanent residence decreased.

In the year under consideration register offices of the voivodship registered for permanent residence 30.6 thous. persons (including internal and international migration). A bigger mobility concerned females – 54.5% of total registered people and residents of rural areas – almost 55%. At the same time 28.4 thous. persons were deregistrated from permanent residence. Deregistrations also in a larger extent concerned females – over 54% as well as residents of urban areas – over 57%. In relation to 2007, migration in both “directions” decreased by about 20%. Net permanent migration amounted to 2.2 thous., thus it was lower than the year before by above 17% and in absolute numbers by 472 persons.

### NET OF PERMANENT MIGRATION PER 1000 POPULATION IN MAŁOPOLSKIE VOIVODSHIP IN 2008



In internal migration for permanent residence in the Małopolskie voivodship for many years it has been a considerable surplus of registered persons over deregistered persons, i.e., positive net migration. In 2008 **net permanent migration** amounted to **2.8 thous. persons** (a year ago 3.3 thous.). Dislocation of population within the voivodship accounted for 70% and flows between voivodships – for 30%.

A negative net internal migration still remains in urban areas. In the period under consideration 14.8 thous. residents of urban areas deregistered – of which over 61% on rural areas and 12.9 thous. persons registered. Therefore net migration amounted to 1.9 thous. persons (in the previous year it was minus 2.5 thous. persons). A high pace of the inflow of population on rural areas has slightly slowed, although 2/3 of total newcomers are people who previously lived on urban areas. In 2008 net migration on rural areas shaped at the level 4.7 thous. persons, i.e. by 1.1 thous. persons less than the year before.

The most settlers on the area of the Małopolskie voivodship for permanent residence are people living previously in the Silesian voivodship – 2.8 thous. persons and in the Podkarpackie voivodship – 1.5 thous. persons, and also the most residents of Małopolska reregistered in these voivodships, respectively: 1.8 thous. persons and 0.8 thous. persons. In 2008 persons aged 25-29 and 30-34 constituted the biggest group of migrants. Their share reached 33.4% in inflow and 32.5% in outflow of population.

Total net permanent migration is influenced also by changes in net international migration. In the period under consideration 1.8 thous. persons arriving from abroad registered for permanent residence, however 2.3 thous. persons deregistered for permanent residence abroad (over 63% of these persons were residents of urban areas). As a result, net international migration amounted, like the year before, to minus 0.6 thous. persons.

Among people leaving for abroad, young people aged 20-29 accounted for 1/3 all migrants and persons of this age also constituted the most numerous group of persons migrating to our voivodship – almost 28%. The most residents leaved the Małopolskie voivodship for the United States – over 36% of emigrants, and to Great Britain – 18.0%. These both countries were also the hitherto place of residence of people creating the most numerous group of persons arriving for permanent residence to our voivodship, respectively: almost 31% and 19.0%.

In 2008 a **territorial mobility for temporary stay** marginally decreased. At the end of 2008 70.5 thous. people were registered for temporary stay longer than 3 months, i.e., less by 1.6% than in the previous year. Simultaneously 57.0 thous. permanent residents of the voivodship were temporarily absent at their place of permanent residence.

Net migration for temporary stay in the voivodship, despite a decrease by 8.6%, is still highly positive. At the end of the period under consideration it amounted to 13.5 thous. persons (a year ago 14.7 thous.).

Characteristic for rural areas, strongly negative net migration for temporary stay slightly decreased and at the end of 2008 it amounted to minus 5.5 thous. persons towards minus 6.0 thous. persons the year before. However, dynamics of migration for temporary stay is influenced by the situation in Kraków, characteristic for big cities. At the end of 2008, positive net migration for temporary stay, amounting to 19.8 thous. persons, “covered” the whole negative net migration for temporary stay of rural areas as well as of some cities in Małopolska.