2.1.2. Collective tourist accommodation establishments

At the end of July 2007 on the area of the Małopolskie voivodship there were 843 collective tourist accommodation establishments, of which 286 hotel facilities. In comparison with previous year their number increased by 24 establishments; the number of hotel facilities increased by 27 and the number of other facilities decreased by 3. The number of hotels increased most (by 22) and amounted to 180.

Collective tourist accommodation facilities (at the end of July 2007) offered 64.1 thousand bed places, that was 1.4 thousand (2.2%) more than in July 2006. The number of bed places in hotel facilities increased by 2.9 thousand (12.6%). The greatest increase, both absolute (by 3.2 thousand places) and percentage (by 18.4%) related to number of bed places in hotels. However the number of bed places in facilities classified as "other collective tourist accommodation establishments" decreased by 1.5 thousand (3.8%).

The number of year-round bed places has decreased (by 0.4 thousand) as well as their share in total number of bed places (by 2.5 percentage points to 85.8%). The number of bed places occupied seasonally has decreased by 1.8 thousands (24.1%) to 9.1 thousand.

Like the previous years, the biggest number of bed places offered: hotels (20.4 thousand), holiday centres (9.2 thousand), other non-classified facilities (9.0 thousand), training-recreational centres (5.6 thousand) as well as health establishments (4.8 thousand). The average size of a collective tourist accommodation facility measured by the number of bed places amounted to 76 (1 less than the previous year). The largest facilities, like the previous year, were health establishments (on average 129 bed places), camping sites (121) as well as hotels (113).

TABL. II. COLLECTIVE TOURIST ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS BY TYPE OF FACILITIES As of 31 VII

TYPE OF FACILITIES	Facilities		Bed places		Number of bed places	
	in percent				per facility	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	76.6	76.1
Hotel facilities	31.6	33.9	36.5	40.2	88.5	90.2
Hotels	19.3	21.4	27.5	31.9	109.1	113.5
Motels	1.2	1.3	0.7	0.7	45.3	39.6
Boarding houses	7.6	7.1	5.5	4.8	55.7	51.3
Other hotel facilities	3.5	4.2	2.8	2.9	60.8	53.1
Other facilities	68.4	66.1	63.5	59.8	71.1	68.8
Excursion hostels	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.3	62.1	62.1
Shelters	2.8	3.1	1.9	2.1	51.4	51.9
Youth hostels	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.8	80.7	89.5
School youth hostels	4.8	4.3	3.5	3.3	56.9	59.2
Holiday centres	16.7	15.8	14.7	14.4	67.2	69.5
Holiday youth centres	1.6	1.3	1.2	0.9	58.4	54.9
Training-recreational centres	8.1	8.1	9.4	8.7	89.7	82.4
Creative arts centres	1.6	1.5	0.7	0.6	31.6	31.2
Public tourist cottages	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.4	59.6	61.9
Camping sites	1.5	1.5	2.7	2.4	141.0	120.8
Tent camp sites	2.1	1.5	2.1	1.5	75.9	74.1
Weekend and holiday accommodation establish-						
ments	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	82.5	82.5
Health establishments	4.6	4.4	7.8	7.4	129.4	128.5
Other non-classified facilities	19.5	19.9	15.0	14.0	58.8	53.5

The average number of hotel rooms amounted to 55 (in 2006 — 54). 93.6% of hotel rooms were equipped in own bathroom and lavatory (95.5% at the end of July 2006). Most of the hotels had three-star category — 48.9% (44.5% of rooms) and two-star category — 28.9% (25,6% of rooms). The number of

hotels with the highest, five-star category increased by 1 to 6 facilities (3.3% of total number of hotels): the number of rooms increased by 0.9 thousand (9.1% of hotel rooms). The average number of rooms in motels amounted to 18, and in boarding houses — 22. The standard of these facilities increased; the share of rooms equipped with bathroom and lavatory in motels increased to

92.4% (87.2% at the end of July 2006) and in boarding houses — to 93.2% (87.7% in previous year).